

The Daily Gazetteer.

MONDAY, MAY 3. 1736.

N^o 265.

On Saturday a Mail arrived from Holland, and Yesterday one from France, and another from Flanders.

Petersburg, April 9. O. S.



THE Secretary of the British Embassy here is furnishing a House for the Ambassador, who is expected from his Master. 'Tis said this Minister will be instructed, at the Request of the Grand Seignior, to endeavour to persuade the Czarina not to meddle in the Affairs of Persia, his Highness desiring nothing more than to cultivate a good Harmony with the Christian Powers. Yesterday an Express from the Army before Asoph brought Advice, that the Count de Munich had not only besieged it in Form, and hop'd to be master of it very soon, but had routed 60,000 Turks and Tartars that came to relieve it, and that a Squadron which arrived from Constantinople for the same Purpose, was likewise defeated by the Vessels that General had caused to be built upon the Tanais.

Vienna, April 14. O. S. Their Imperial Majesties are expected here To-morrow incognito, with the whole Court, from their Palace of Laxembourg, to see the Funeral Pomp of the late Prince Eugene of Savoy, who is then to be interred in the Tomb of the late Prince Emanuel of Savoy his Nephew, (which the Princess of Savoy, Countess of Soissons caused to be erected in the Metropolitan Church of St. Stephen, for the late Prince her Husband) with all the Military Honours, and all the Magnificence due to his illustrious Birth, and to those important Services which he has done to the August House of Austria, during the Reigns of three successive Emperors, ever since he first distinguished his Valour in raising the Siege of Vienna, which is 53 Years ago. The Heart of the deceased Prince is sent to Turin, to be deposited in the Royal Tomb there: Mean time his Corpse has been embalm'd, and lain in grand State for these two Days past, in the first Antichamber of his Palace, which is hung with black Cloth, and continually frequented by inexpressible Crowds of Spectators. The Body is dress'd in the Habit of his Regiment (which is Scarlet trim'd with Gold Lace, and fac'd with black Velvet, and a Waistcoat of Gold Tissue) with Boots and Spurs: His Batoon and Sword lie across each other on his Right Hand, near which his Hat and Gloves are placed upon a black Cushion. His Ducal Bonnet, round which is the Collar of the Order of the Golden Fleece, lies on another black Cushion towards the Head. On the left Side, upon another Cushion, is the Cap of the Order, which is of black Velvet, edg'd with Gold Lace, and on the same Side is plac'd a Sword, the Hilt whereof is richly adorn'd with Diamonds, and the Scabbard is of Green Velvet, ornamented with Plates of Gold and precious Stones. This is the Sword which, with a Hat, Pope Clement XI. sent him as a Present after he defeated the Turks at Belgrade, which signal Victory procured him the glorious Title of Defender of Christendom against the common Enemy. His Coat of Mail, with the Helmet and Gauntlets, hang over his Head. In the Room are several little Altars, whereon there burns a Number of Wax Candles, and at which Mass is continually celebrating, and two Minor-Friars praying: And all the Bells of the City are toll'd every Day at Noon. The Emperor has given Orders, that his Funeral be solemnized with the same Honours as are paid to Remains of the Imperial Family. The Princess Dowager of Savoy, who was born Princess of Liechtenstein, and Mother of the young Prince of Savoy, who died last Year at Mannheim, being the nearest of Kin to the deceased Prince Eugene, is appointed to notify his Death to the King of Sardinia, to the Family of Carignan, and to his other Relations. There has been found a Will among the Prince's Papers, whereby he declar'd the late Prince Eugene of Savoy, his Nephew, his universal Heir. But since that Time there has been a Codicil made, tho' never sign'd by Prince Eugene, whereby he declares for his said Heir his Niece Louisa de Soissons of Carignan, who was born the 16th of December 1686, and is now in

a Nunnery in France. 'Tis foreseen that this Codicil will be contested, tho' M. Koch, Agent to the Aulick Council of War, who was always a mighty Confident of Prince Eugene, has declared, that he is ready to take his Oath, that the said Codicil was the Prince's only last Will. The Estates which he possessed in Austria and Hungary, revert to the States of those Countries conformable to their Laws, by which they claim the Property of all Lands whose Lords die without lawful Issue.

Prince Eugene has left a numerous and curious Library of Books, * among which are several rare Manuscripts; besides a fine Cabinet of Medals, and other Curiosities.

The Order which was sent to the Duke of Wirtemberg about four Camps to be form'd in the Empire, is revok'd, and the Emperor's Troops upon the Moselle and the Rhine, are order'd to begin their March forthwith for the Hereditary Countries, so that there will be only a small Camp of about 6000 Men in the Brisgaw near Fribourg, which is a Province belonging to the House of Austria, that the Princes of the Empire may not have the least Colour of Complaint: And the 8 Russian Regiments which had Winter Quarters in Bohemia, are marching in two Columns thro' Silesia for the Ukrain, to which Country they have Orders to make all possible Haste.

Tho' the actual Cession of Lorain was stipulated in the last Convention sign'd between the Ministers of the Emperor and France, yet the Method how it shall be done, is referred to a particular Negotiation; and several Conferences have been held about making the Duke of Lorain Amends, till his Succession to Tucancy takes Place.

They write from Constantinople, that the Persian Army is arriv'd so near that of the Turks, that a Battle was daily expected.

Cologn, April 23. O. S. Not less than a thousand Vagabonds having committed great Disorders in this Country and the Duchy of Juliers, a Party of the Elector's Dragoons have been sent within these two Days in quest of them, who we hear have already apprehended a great Number of them, of whom 31 are committed Prisoners, some to Neus, and others to Broel.

Dresden, April 16. O. S. We hear that on the 12th Instant, about 11 in the Forenoon, the Count de Hoym was found hang'd in his Chamber at the Castle of Konigstein. This unfortunate Gentleman, who has one of the finest Houses in this City, has, for some time past, appeared very melancholy, to find himself a Prisoner for Life; and it was remark'd, that he spent all that Morning in fervent Prayer to God. As he had been a Minister of the Cabinet Council to the Court of Saxony, some are ready to impute his Despair to the apprehending of his Secretary at the Fair of Frankfort on the Main, who was privy to his Correspondence with France. Preparations are making for erecting the Equestrian Statue of the late King upon our Great Bridge.

Berlin, April 17. O. S. Next Week the King will review his Regiment at Potsdam, for which he has order'd new Cloathing. The Coats of the common Soldiers are of Blue Cloth, with Gold Lace Surtouts, and the Coats are faced with fine Red Cloth, and the Waistcoats and Breeches of a Straw Colour, &c. This Regiment, which may justly be reckon'd one of the finest in Europe, consists of 3000 Men, who are all of an uncommon Stature; but the Tallest of them is an Englishman of 21 Years of Age, who measures 6 Feet 10 Inches. They are all of them well disciplin'd, and have such good Pay, that some of them are allow'd above 30 Crowns per Month, which enables them to make a very handsome Appearance.

Frankfort, April 22. O. S. There have been some Skirmishes in the County of Hanau, between the Troops of Hesse Cassel and Hesse Darmstadt, about the Possession of some Places there, in which several Officers and Soldiers were wounded, but not a Man killed. The Courts of Hesse and Darmstadt are since enter'd

* Of which he bought a considerable Number when he was at London, of Mr. Christopher Bateman in Pater-noster-Row.

into a Treaty of Accommodation; and 'tis said, that on the Payment of 700,000 Florins by the Court of Hesse to that of Darmstadt, the latter will renounce all Pretensions to the County of Hanau: And as to the Rights claim'd by the Court of Saxony, 'tis settled that it shall remain in Possession of the three considerable Bailiwicks situate on the Frontiers of Thuringia, which were yielded to that Court by the late Count de Hanau in his Life-time.

Lisbon, March 30. O. S. The Infante Don Carlos, second Son of their Portuguese Majesties, who has been long indisposed, died on the 18th Instant, very much lamented both by the Court and the Subjects. There having been such a Glut of stormy Weather here for a long Time, that the like has not been known in the Memory of Man, by which the Fruits of the Earth have suffered very much, Provisions rise daily in their Price; and a Rot is got among the Sheep, there have been Processions of all the Parishes of this City, for several Days past, to obtain fair Weather.

Florence, April 10. O. S. An Imperial Officer having had an Audience of the Great Duke, wherein he desired Leave for some German Troops to march into Tuscany, the Prince made Answer, *That he consented, since it was so settled, provided that the said Troops behaved in such a Manner as not to be a Burden to his Subjects.* The said Officer is since set out for Leghorn, to treat with a Banker, who is to undertake the Pay of those Troops, which, 'tis said, are to consist of 8000 Men, whereof 1000 are to garison Sienna, another Thousand Pisa, and the rest are to be at Leghorn and Porto Ferrajo.

The Duke de Montemar is returned from Naples to Leghorn, in order to proceed for Spain, with the third Convoy from thence. 'Tis positively said, that the Infante King Don Carlos has sent his Picture to the Imperial Court, and has received from thence the Picture of the Archduchess, who is the Emperor's second Daughter; which is a Confirmation of the Opinion, that the Reconciliation between the Courts of Vienna and Madrid is to be established by a Marriage. The last Orders are sent for the Evacuation of the Duchy of Parma to the Imperialists, after all the Artillery laid up there by the Spaniards is drawn out, which consists of near 300 Cannon. The News of the Arrival of the Stranger at the Isle of Corsica, is confirmed by Letters from Genoa, which say, the Senate has been informed of the Particulars already published, by an Express from Signior Rivarola, who is their Commissary in that Island. He is indeed not yet known, tho' 'tis said, he is a Prussian by Country, and that he acts by Concert with the Bey of Tunis; but he who he will, the Malecontents are grown very uppish since his Arrival, have attacked several of the Genoese Posts, and taken Porto Vecchio, which is situate upon the Coast.

Milan, April 11. O. S. The Piedmontese Garison has by Orders of the King of Sardinia, evacuated our Castle to a French Detachment, which is to keep Possession of it till the Town is delivered to the Imperialists. They write from Rome, that the Spanish Ministers and Generals had resolv'd, in a Conference, to order the Spanish Troops marching for Naples, to halt a few Days in the Neighbourhood, that they may be ready to suppress the Populace of Rome, if they should continue to insult the Spaniards, being assured, that the Complaint of Men being impress'd, is only a Cloak to hide other Motives of Discontent.

Paris, April 28. O. S. Letters from Barcelona say, that of the second Convoy from Italy, consisting of 31 Ships, 20 are arrived there in good Condition; but that the rest had been dispersed in a Storm, tho' 'tis not believed that so great a Number of Men had perished as was at first given out, because we hear, that several of the Vessels put in at Roses.

L O N D O N.

When the Lord Mayor and Aldermen waited on his Majesty, Mr. Baron Thomson, the Recorder, made their Compliments in the following Speech.

Most gracious Sovereign,

THE Lord Mayor and Court of Aldermen of the City of London, most humbly intreat your Majesty's Permission to congratulate your Majesty upon the Marriage of his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales.



Your Majesty's paternal Care for the Welfare of your Subjects, has been evident upon all Occasions; and your Majesty's approving this Alliance for his Royal Highness, with a Princess of the Illustrious House of Saxe-Gotha, confirms the Regard which your Majesty has always shewn for the Support of the Protestant Interest, and the Liberties of Europe, and is a fresh Instance of your Majesty's indulgent Concern for the present and future Prosperity of your People.

All your Majesty's Subjects have Reason to be sensible of their Happiness under so mild and gracious a Prince. As they are in the full Possession of all their Rights and Liberties, Property secured, Commerce flourishing, Industry encouraged, Peace and Tranquillity at Home and Abroad; as their present Felicity is owing to your Majesty's Protection and Influence, and the Prospect of the Continuance of it to your Wisdom and Goodness, these your Majesty's most faithful Subjects beg Leave to express their Joy and their Acknowledgements with the most grateful Hearts, and to assure your Majesty of their most dutiful and affectionate Regard to your Royal Person; of their zealous Endeavours, in their Sphere, for the Support of your Majesty's Government; and that they esteem themselves under the highest Obligation to do all in their Power, that your Majesty's Reign may be easy and happy to yourself, as it is an inestimable Blessing to your People.

To which his Majesty was pleased to make this most gracious Answer.

I Thank you for your Congratulations on this Occasion, and for the Zeal and Concern that you shew for the Prosperity and Support of my Family and Government.

They all had the Honour to kiss his Majesty's Hand.

Then they waited upon her Majesty, being introduced by the Right Hon. the Earl of Grantham, her Majesty's Lord Chamberlain; and Mr. Baron Thomson made their Compliments as follows.

May it please your Majesty,

THE Lord Mayor and Court of Aldermen of the City of London most humbly beg Leave to congratulate your Majesty upon the Marriage of his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales.

As your Majesty is the Fountain from whence so many Blessings flow to his Majesty's Subjects, they have Reason to approach your Majesty with the utmost Gratitude and Veneration.

Your Majesty's promoting the Espousal of his Royal Highness to a Protestant Princess, eminent for her Religion, Virtues, and Accomplishments, shews how much your Majesty has at Heart the true Happiness of his Royal Highness, and the Welfare and Prosperity of this Nation.

Your Majesty is a glorious Instance of the many beneficial, and of the lasting good Consequences of such an Alliance. Happy is it for the Princess she has so bright a Pattern to imitate; happy will it be for the Prince and the People her following so good, so great an Example.

There is nothing to wish, but that Heaven would bestow on this Royal Pair, a Progeny, in every respect resembling those of your Majesty; and that your Majesty may have perfect Health, and live to see with Joy and Comfort, all the desirable Effects of this happy Union.

Her Majesty was pleased to receive their Compliments very graciously; and they all had the Honour to kiss her Majesty's Hand.

Then they were introduced to their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales, by the Right Hon. the Lord Baltimore, Lord of the Bedchamber to his Royal Highness; and Mr. Baron Thomson made their Compliments, first to his Royal Highness, in the following Manner.

May it please your Royal Highness,

THE Lord Mayor and Court of Aldermen of the City of London most humbly beg Leave to congratulate your Royal Highness on your Marriage with her Royal Highness the Princess of Wales.

'Tis an infinite Pleasure to me, Sir, that I have the Honour to express to your Royal Highness, the joyful Sentiments of these his Majesty's most faithful Subjects upon this happy Occasion.

'Tis with great Satisfaction they observe your Royal Highness's Felicity accomplished in the most delightful Manner to yourself, and, at the same time, yielding the most agreeable View to all his Majesty's Subjects, of the Continuance of the many Blessings they enjoy to future Ages.

They intreat your Royal Highness's Permission to offer their most ardent Wishes for your Royal Highness's Health and Prosperity, that you may be blessed with a numerous Offspring; that you may have the Satisfaction to see them truly representing your Royal Highness with the most benevolent Disposition, with the tenderest Humanity, Assertors of Liberty, and Friends to Mankind, with all other those princely Virtues, which give a Lustre even to your Dignity, and which make your Royal Highness the Favourite of the People, and the hopeful Prospect of the British Nation.

Then to her Royal Highness, as follows.

May it please your Royal Highness,

AS all his Majesty's Subjects have now an Interest in your Royal Highness's Welfare, these presume to tender their most hearty Wishes for your Royal Highness's Prosperity, and that you may have all the Joys this Life can yield.

And as your Royal Highness cannot fail to complete the Happiness of your Royal Consort, and to attract the most tender and affectionate Returns, may Heaven for ever continue the blissful Union of your Hearts, and all your Years roll on with the most perfect Harmony; may your Royal Highness have the Satisfaction of yielding many endearing Pledges of your mutual Love; and may they be endued with all those amiable Qualities and Perfections which accomplish your Royal Highness, and render you the Object of universal Admiration.

His Royal Highness was pleased to make the following most gracious Answer.

My Lord and Gentlemen.

I Thank you for your kind and affectionate Address to me and the Princess. It is a great Pleasure to me the Joy you shew on this happy Occasion. You may be assured of my constant Regard for the Trade of the City, and for the Welfare of the whole Nation.

They all had the Honour to kiss their Royal Highnesses Hands.

Yesterday the Earl of Granard carried the Sword of State before their Majesties, their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales, and the Princesses Amelia and Caroline, as they went to the Royal Chapel at St. James's.

Last Saturday the Lord Baltimore, first Lord of the Bedchamber to the Prince of Wales, gave a magnificent Entertainment at his House in Grosvenor-square, to the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, Recorder, and Sheriffs, on account of the Royal Wedding.

Letters from Jamaica bring an Account of the Death of Capt. Sclater and Capt. Stephenson, Commanders of two of his Majesty's Ships of War; also of two Lieutenants; and of Mr. Dent, who married a rich Heiress on that Island, and was Son of Capt. Digby Dent, a Commander in the Royal Navy.

BANKRUPTS.

Richard Crofs, of the Parish of Christ Church, Spittlefields, in the County of Middlesex, Merchant.
Richard Cooke, of Ipswich, in the County of Suffolk, Ironmonger.

William England, late of Alfreton, in the County of Derby, Frame-work-knitter and Mercer.

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